

Global Logistics – challenges and solutions

**efficient and secure logistic chains
- scope of the EffizienzCluster Logistik Ruhr**

BY PROF. DR. UWE CLAUSEN

New York, MARCH 14th

**JOSEPH VON FRAUNHOFER
RESEARCHER
AND ENTREPRENEUR**

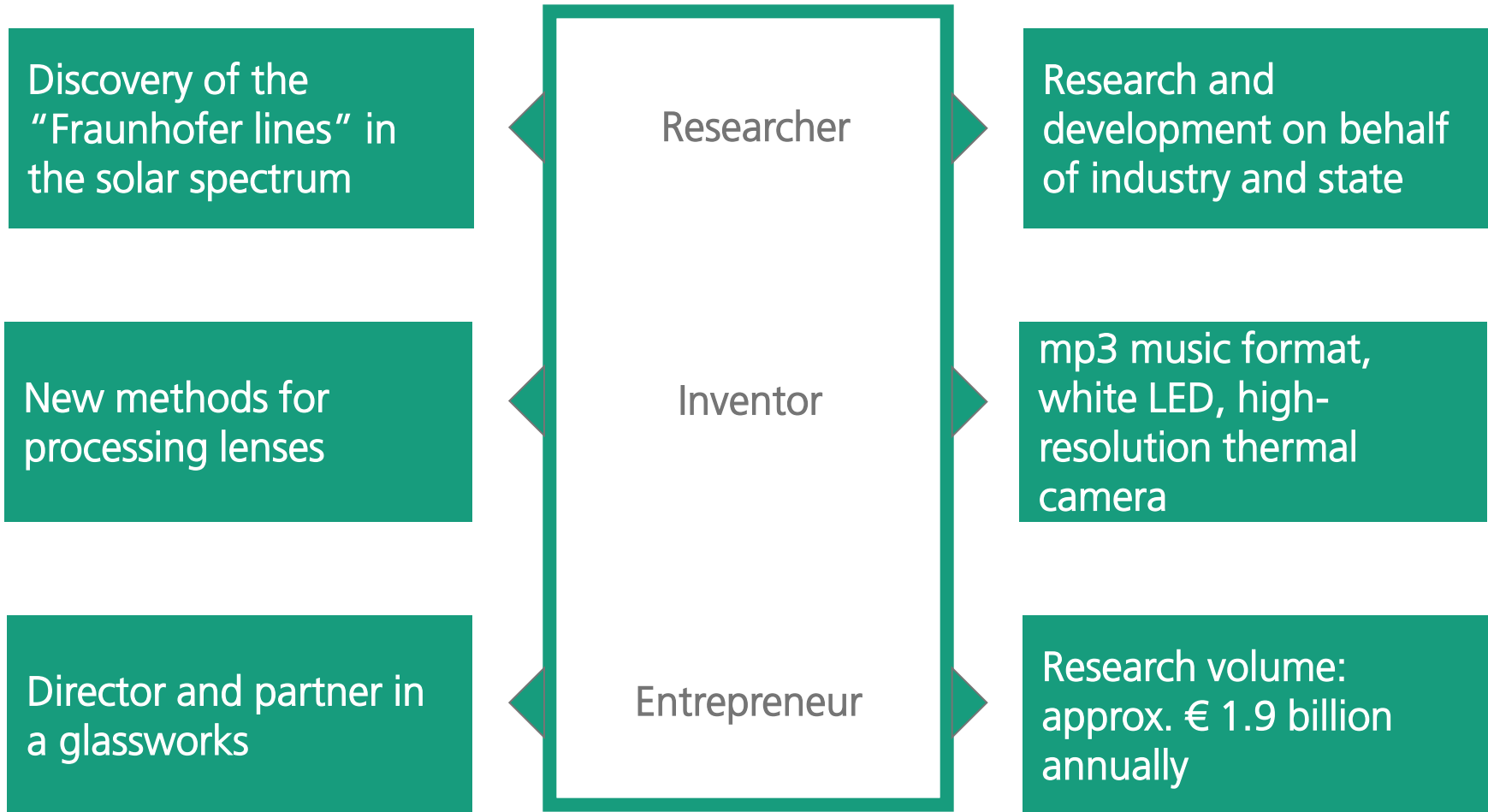




Joseph von
Fraunhofer
1787 - 1826



The Fraunhofer-
Gesellschaft
founded 1949

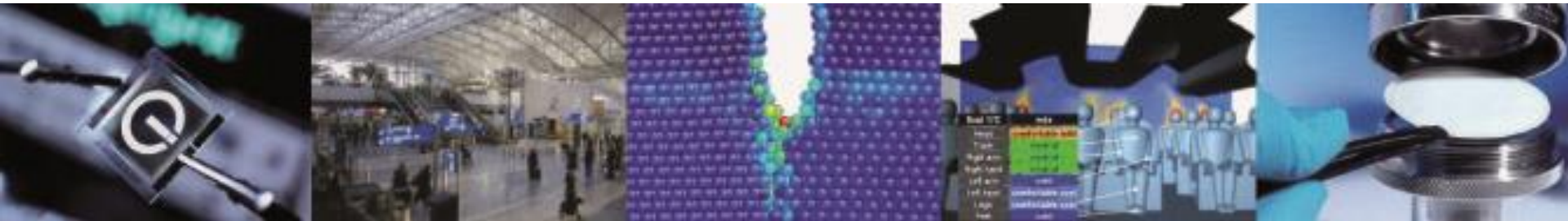


The Fraunhofer-Gesellschaft Locations in Germany

> 20,000 employees in 60 Institutes

we conduct research into:

- Health, Nutrition & Environment
- Safety & Security
- Information & Communication
- Transportation & Mobility
- Energy & Living
- Production & Environment



EffizienzCluster LogistikRuhr – one of 15 winners of Germany's leading-edge research competition



- Supporting the strategic development of leading-edge clusters in science and economy
- The Leading-Edge Cluster competition is intended to take Germany to the top of the league of technologically advanced nations.
- The high-performance clusters formed by business and science which join into strategic partnerships are set to boost Germany's innovative strengths and economic success.

- » three rounds of competition: in each round, up to EUR 200 million will be made available to up to five Leading-Edge Clusters
- » “EffizienzCluster LogistikRuhr” includes 30 projects with >120 companies and 11 research institutions including Fraunhofer IML, Fraunhofer ISST, TU Dortmund, University Duisburg-Essen, University Witten/Herdecke, DST, EBS University, FOM, KWI, RISP, Wuppertal Institute



main goals



efficient management of resources

- Efficient production and transport of goods
- Efficient handling of resources and environment



keep individuality

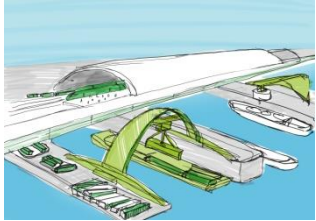
- Individual supply of goods and information
- Keep individual mobility



urban supply safety

- Solid and save logistics for urban areas
- Urban logistics systems in a global context

guiding topics EffizienzCluster Logistics



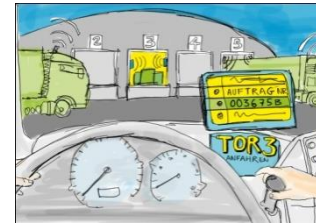
Management of goods traffic



Focus on environment



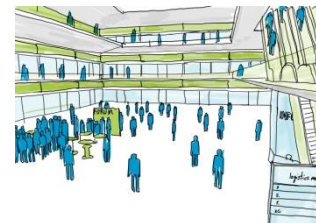
Urban supply



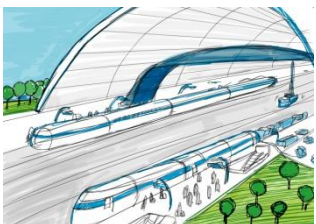
Activation of cluster potential



Mutable logistics systems



Logistics-as-a-Service



Logistic competencies (education)



research project "multimodal promotion" target and methods

- Development of a Web 2.0 tool for the simple design of multimodal door-2-door transport chains without previous knowledge about the combined transport
- Implementation of a company-wide consolidation of transport streams, including drayage and haulage planning
- Bundling small quantities into large volumes
- Improvements of sustainability and efficiency



**Trimodal D2D
transport chain
design**



**Company-wide
consolidation**



**Evaluation of
alternatives (cost,
time, CO2e)**



platform's main functions



Bitte beachten Sie, dass es sich hierbei um einen ersten Prototypen basierend auf Beispieldaten und einem vereinfachten Algorithmus handelt und daher die volle Funktionsumfang noch nicht gegeben ist. (Quelle: Informationen)

Abwander
Land: Deutschland PLZ: 44227

Empfänger
Land: Deutschland PLZ: 58333

früheste Abholung
Datum: 02.02.2012 Uhrzeit: 09:00

späteste Ankunft
Datum: 09.02.2012 Uhrzeit: 13:45

Kriterien
 Kosten
 CO2-Emissionen
 Zeit

Verkehrsträger
 Schiene
 Wasserstraße

Reihenr.	Abwechsl.	Verkehrsträger	von	nach	Abfahrt	Ankunft	CO2 (Emission)	Kosten (€)
1	Straße	44227	Dortmund	DU15	Do 02.02	09:00	88,40	88,40
2	Straße	Schiene	Schiene	Schiene	09:00	09:00	0,00	10,00
3	Schiene	Dortmund - Duisburg	DU15	DU15	Fr 03.02	14:29	350,35	350,35
4	Schiene	Schiene	Schiene	Schiene	09:00	09:00	0,00	50,00
5	Wasserstraße	Duisburg - Dortmund	DU15	DU15	Fr 03.02	09:12	110,00	110,00
6	Abschleife	44227	88333	DU 15	Fr 03.02	13:00	500,00	500,00

- Interface between operators and users
- schedule check
 - the aim is the assignment of appropriate schedules to user's transportation orders
 - simple or detailed examination of the "own transport volumes"
- timetable formation
 - the aim is to consolidate the transport volumes and to create new transportation alternatives
 - calculations are based on data entered by the users
- local traffic planning
 - reduction of truck trips in pick-up and delivery through comprehensive tour planning
 - building of FTL (full truck load) by bundling smaller volumes



GEFÖRDERT VOM





current prototype based on zip-codes (Germany) and rail connections from Duisburg and Dortmund

Bitte beachten Sie, dass es sich hierbei um einen ersten Prototypen gegeben ist. [\(Weitere Informationen\)](#)

Absender
Land: Deutschland
PLZ: 44227

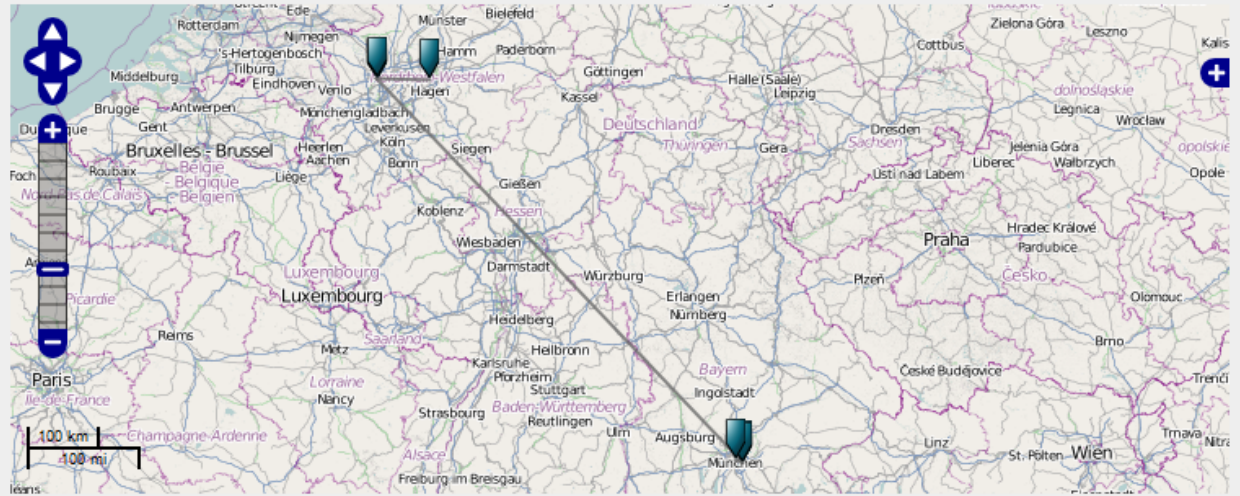
Empfänger
Land: Deutschland
PLZ: 80333

früheste Abholung
Datum: 02.02.2012
Uhrzeit: 09:00

späteste Ankunft
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- Kriterien**
- Kosten
 - CO2-Emissionen
 - Zeit

- Verkehrsträger**
- Schiene
 - Wasserstraße



Kriterium	Abschnitt	Verkehrsträger	von	nach	Abfahrt	Ankunft	CO2 (Gramm)	Kosten (€)
<input type="checkbox"/> Kosten								
	1	Straße	44227	Duisburg - DUSS	Do 11:58	Do 22:00	88.92	86.40
	2	Straße		Schiene			0.00	50.00
	3	Schiene	Duisburg - DUSS	München - DUSS	Fr 00:00	Fr 00:00	143.29	356.35
	4	Schiene		Straße			0.00	50.00
	5	Straße	München - DUSS	80333	Fr 02:00	Fr 03:09	894.12	13.05
	5 Abschnitte		44227	80333	Do 11:58	Fr 03:09	1126.33	555.80

Passende Relationen suchen

Buchungskontakt

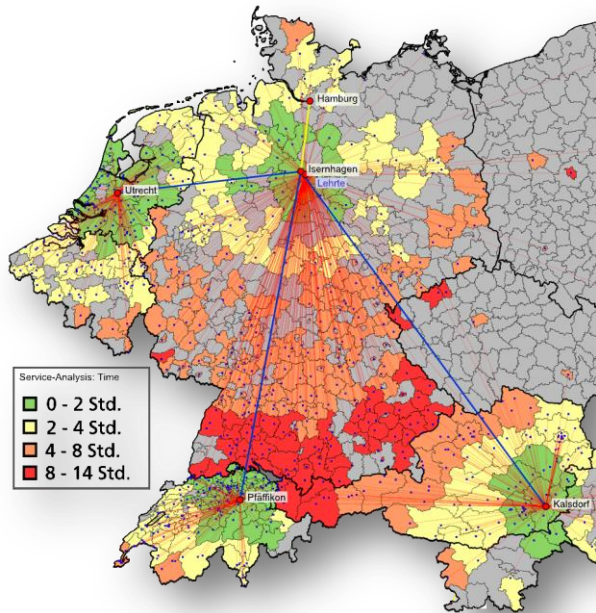


- web interface to facilitate „modal-choice“ by entering transport data
 - load unit short description
 - origin-destination-information
 - time window
- required data is already available from transport orders – routing takes in account
 - handling times in terminals
 - time slots
 - schedules from rail and barge transport
- checking „shift potential“ for shippers with no specific „combined transport“ knowledge possible



Improving logistics .. is about structure and processes

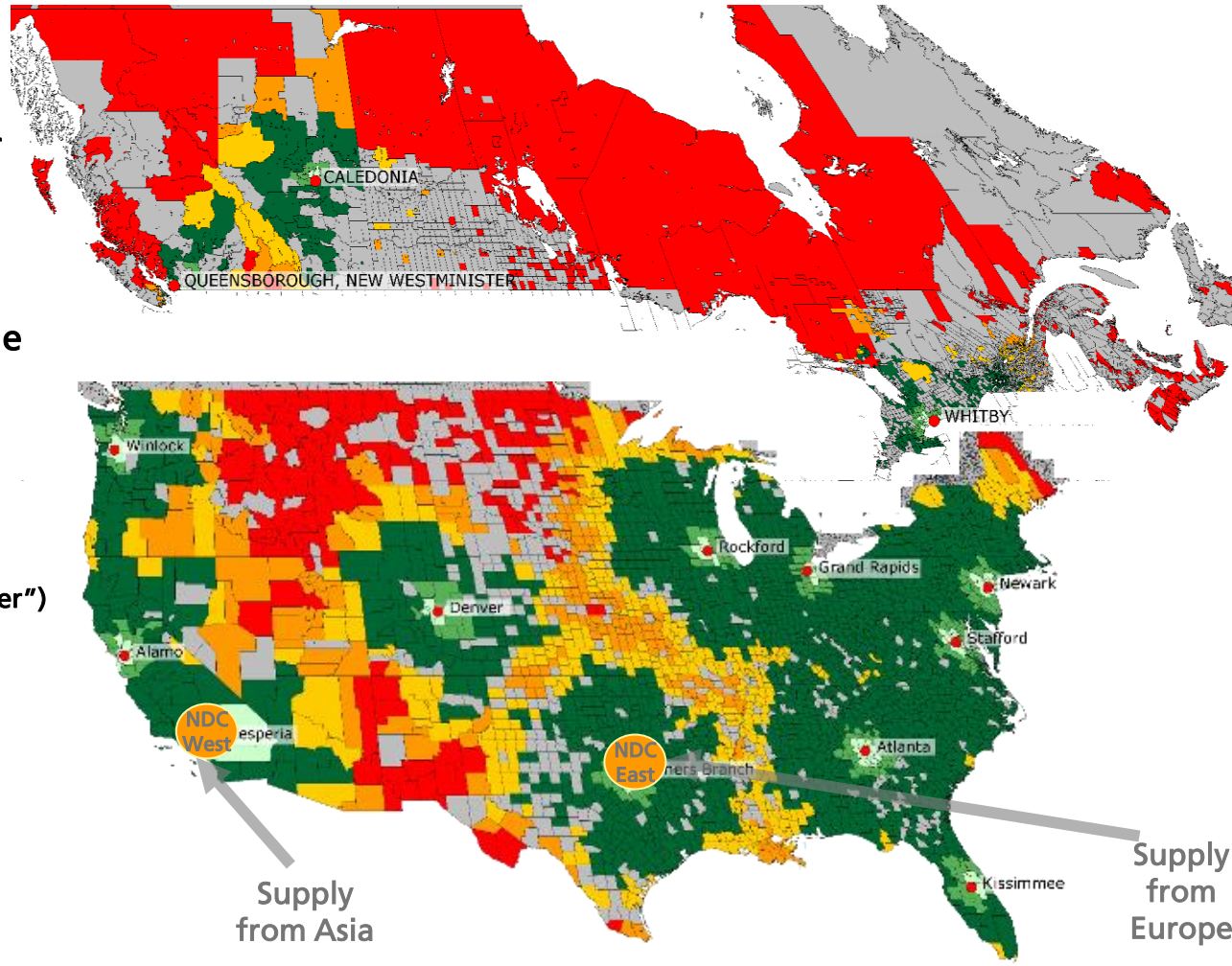
- Analysis of distribution and consolidation strategies
Determination of optimal stratification (modes of transport, types of storage, capacities, inventory management etc.)
- Positioning of logistics facilities:
Optimization of # of locations and allocation of facilities
- Optimization of customer allocations:
Calculation of distribution areas determined by storage capacities
- Strategical and tactical route scheduling:
Determination of solid standard runs and required vehicles
- Calculation and controlling of transport costs:
Calculation of transport costs due to given tariffs, verification of forwarder's bills / tariffs / offers



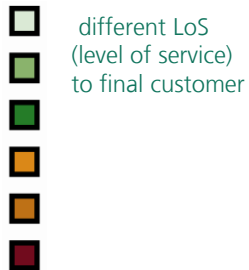
Optimal locations help to cut costs and to improve service

..

In the "HILTI case" Fraunhofer researchers suggested more location for better service and different "national DCs" for the supply from Europe and Asia respectively

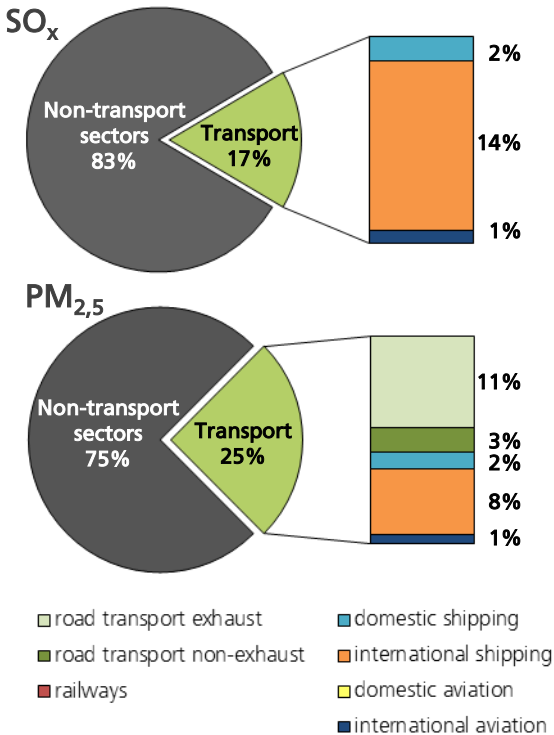


(from 2009, work "before EffizienzCluster")



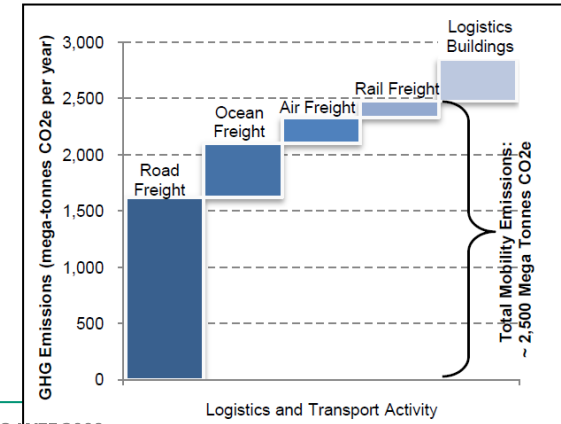
but logistics is not only for today's customers we need to be sustainable and „serve future generations“

Contribution of transport sector to total emissions of main air pollutants in 2009 (EEA-32) (1)



(1) TERM 2009

- “Green Logistics” stands for environmental friendliness and resource efficiency
- The environmental impact of logistics covers
 - Its contribution to the global warming, i.e. amount of GHG emissions caused by logistics processes as well as
 - Further pollutant emissions, for example sulphur oxides SO_x, particulate matter PM
- Green Logistics focuses on the whole logistics chain, i.e.
 - Transport
 - Intralogistics
 - Logistics real estate



Scope of the „green logistics“ project

- TRANSPORT
- LOGISTICS REAL ESTATE
- INTRALOGISTICS

data base and principles for ecological assessment of logistics

key figures, methods, reference processes and technologies, procedures, mathematical model, balance scopes, ...

products

- TRANSPORT
- LOGISTICS REAL ESTATE
- INTRALOGISTICS

- › certification system
- › assessment kit with standard modules



realization



low carbon logistics network



low carbon logistics real estate



low carbon intralogistics

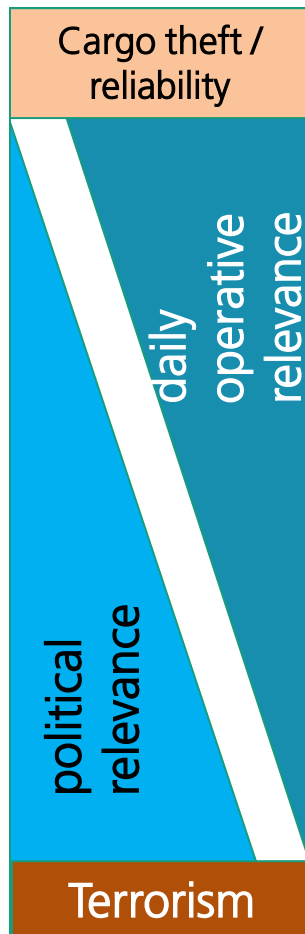
result / benefit

reduction of CO₂ emissions

green revolution within logistics



Let's be prepared regarding threats to transportation



Common threats in the transportation chain

- suppliers no-show
- in-transparency of supply chains
- lack of reliability
- **cargo theft, vandalism and accidents**
(highest relevance for the supply chain)

New threats for the transportation chain

- **Cyber-attacks**
- **terrorism** (political challenge)
 - hazard of transport flows by terror acts or other intervention of third parties
 - hazard by using modes of transport as weapons
- increasing number and / or severances of extreme weather events
- **organized crime**

Secure and efficient logistic processes : prevention, identification and coping

main goals

- balance logistical requirements with requirements of safety and security (by politics and government)
- “produce security” instead of focus on (repeating) checks & control activities

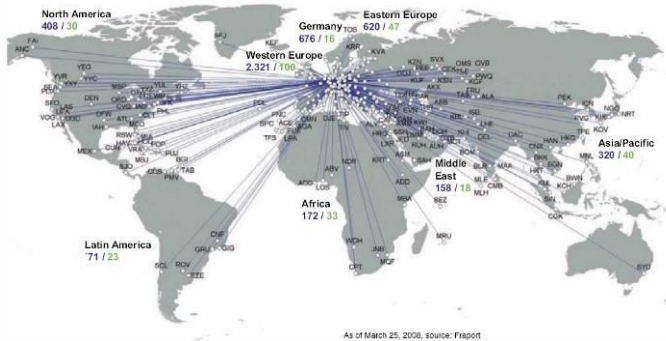
realized steps & findings

- identification of relevant logistic processes
- most relevant threats appear at stops of the land transport modes (interfaces)
- staff and organization orientated measures count
 - training, awareness of staff
 - transparent and efficient processes
- security “begins with the transportation chain”
- keep security on the achieved level

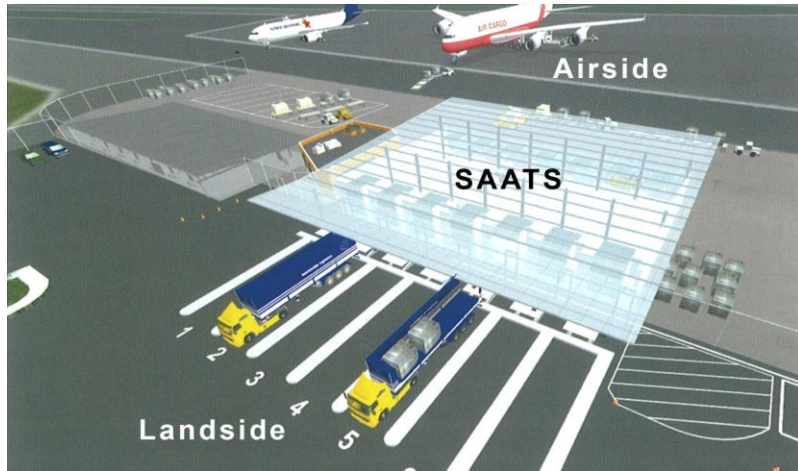




- Frankfurt Airport (FRA) is one of the world's most important international airports
- at the center of the major part of intra-European air service **networks** and offers connecting services to long-haul destinations worldwide
- FRA plans to expand with a fourth runway and a **new Terminal 3**
- modifications of the airport to make it **Airbus A380** compatible have already started
- The overall construction volume is more than **7 billion Euros** in the next 8 years
- Over 400 projects need to be coordinated on the airport area
- **Fraunhofer** helped FRAPORT with supply and disposal concepts (delivery strategies, stock and field management, waste disposal management)

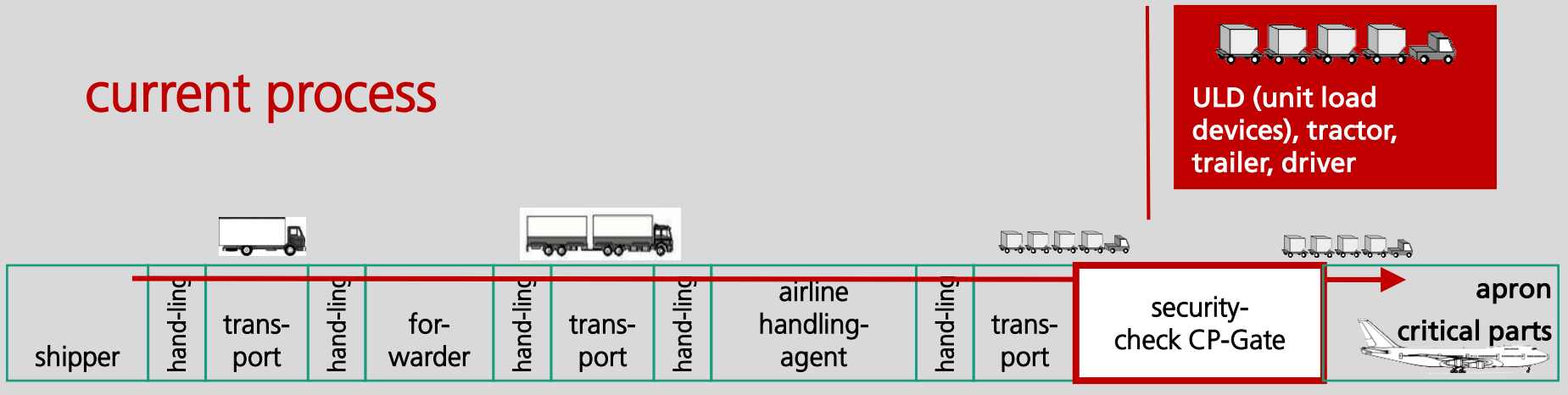


„Secure Advanced Air Cargo Transfer System“ (SAATS)

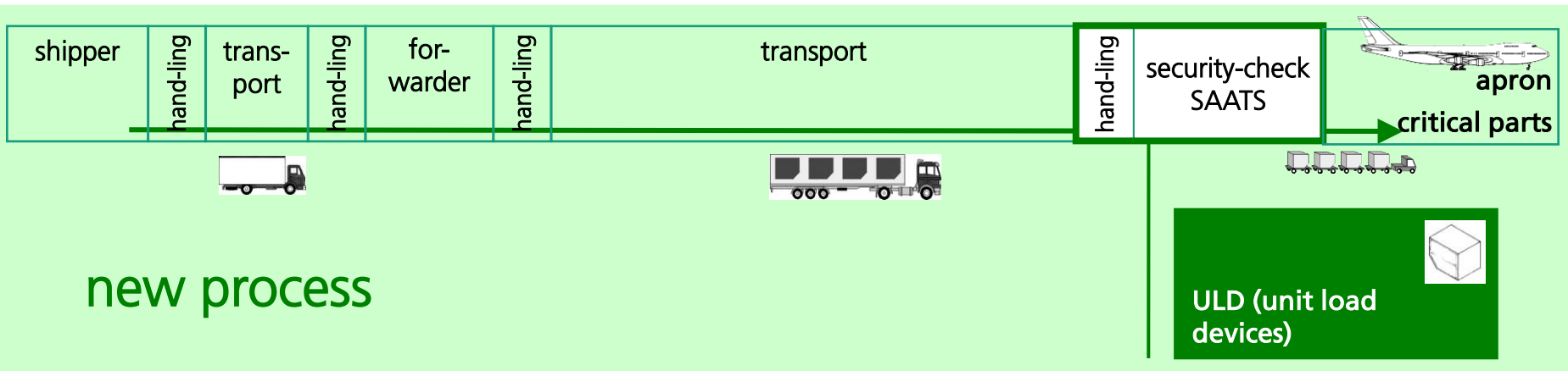


- Reduction of process interfaces
 - Process acceleration and shorter ground times for air cargo at airports
 - Increased security to prevent unauthorized access and manipulation of ULDs
 - Lower risk of damage
- Optimized use of space by centralizing of warehouse and cargo handling areas
- Decoupling of land- and airside transport and transshipment processes
- Reduction of truck gate traffic at forwarder and handling agents

current process



new process



the future of Air Cargo Security solutions in Europe

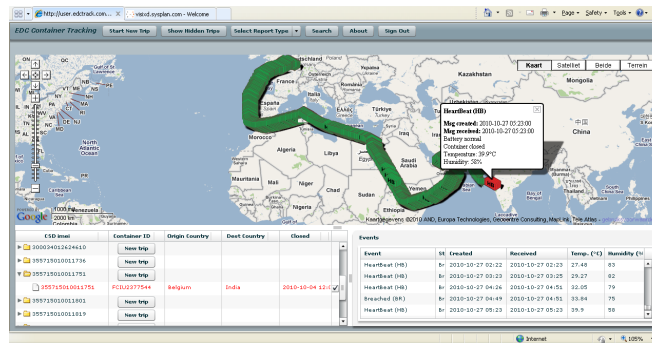
- To avoid additional security controls of each shipment air cargo shippers in Europe have to be approved by the National Aviation Authorities as a "known shipper" under EU Regulation 185/2010 with the deadline on 28 April 2013
 - Otherwise each package has to be x-rayed or examined in another way in a secured supply chain before it can be taken on board of a flight
 - It is expected that in future this more stringent security requirements will be provided in three different ways:
 1. a reduced share of approved known shippers (less than 50%)
 2. an increased share by additional security services to be provided by forwarders and handling agents
 3. a new share by dedicated security services provider
- ➔ **Air Cargo Security in future means: higher expenses, more stakeholders involved and various process variants**

Summary

globalization is an ongoing process providing challenges and huge opportunities for individuals and institutions.

logistics needs long-term planning as well as short-term **flexibility**, innovative, and affordable solutions.

logistics of the future will have to be **robust**, safe and sustainable.



Thank you !

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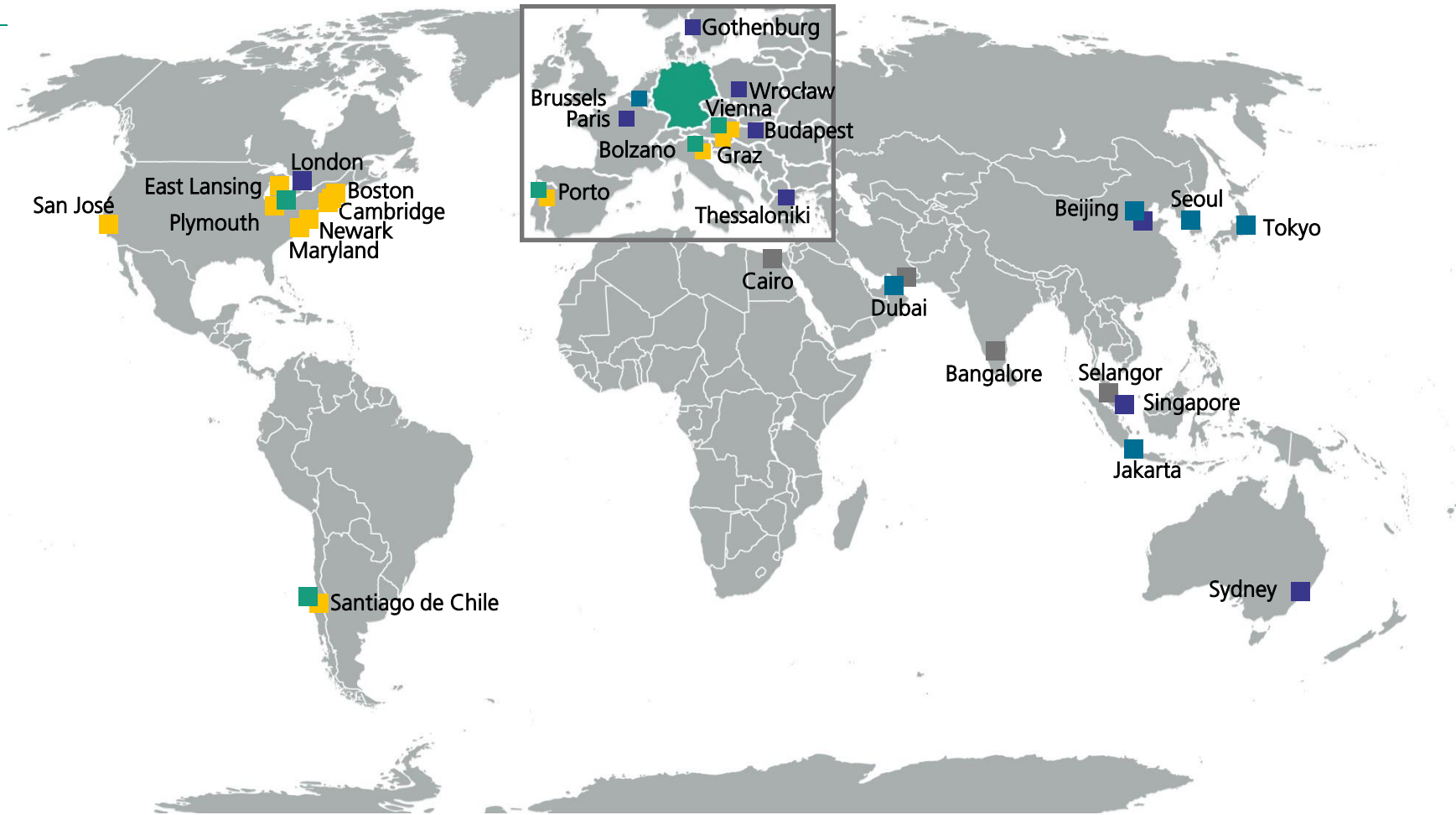
Email: Uwe.Clausen@iml.fraunhofer.de

Homepage: <http://www.iml.fraunhofer.de>



BACKUP

Fraunhofer worldwide



- Subsidiary
- Center
- Project Center / Strategic Cooperation
- Representative Office
- Senior Advisor

SECTION MATERIAL FLOW SYSTEMS

Quality Management and Organization Systems, Intralogistics and IT Planning, Autonomous Transport Systems, Machines and Facilities, Packaging and Trade Logistics, Software Engineering

SECTION ENTERPRISE LOGISTICS

Enterprise Planning, Supply Chain Engineering, Production Logistics, Maintenance Logistics, International Enterprise Development

SECTION LOGISTICS, TRAFFIC, ENVIRONMENT

Environment and Resource Logistics, Traffic Logistics, Health Care Logistics, Project Center Airport, Project Center Traffic, Mobility and Environment, Center for Maritime Logistics and Services



Logistics, Traffic, Environment

Prof. Dr.-Ing. Uwe Clausen

ENVIRONMENT AND RESOURCE LOGISTICS

Dr.-Ing.
Marc Schneider

Disposal and closed loop economy

Environment and resources

Building logistics

TRAFFIC LOGISTICS

Prof. Dr.
Alex Vastag

Distribution logistics and procurement planning

Network planning and dispatching

Information and communication systems

Multimodal logistics

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Baggage handling

Ground handling Services

Check-in control

Air traffic security

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Dipl.-Ing. (FH)
Wolfgang Inninger

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Traffic planning and simulation

Mobility, information logistics for traffic and tourism

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Dr.-Ing.
Sebastian Wibbeling

Pharma-Logistik

Hospital Logistics

External Logistics in Health Care

Pharmaceutical **Logistics**

Home and Senior Care

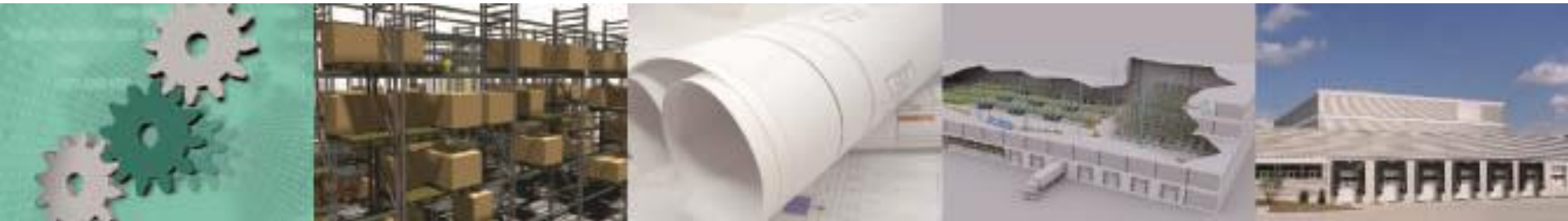
CENTER FOR MARITIME LOGISTICS AND SERVICES

Prof. Dr.-Ing.
Carlos Jahn

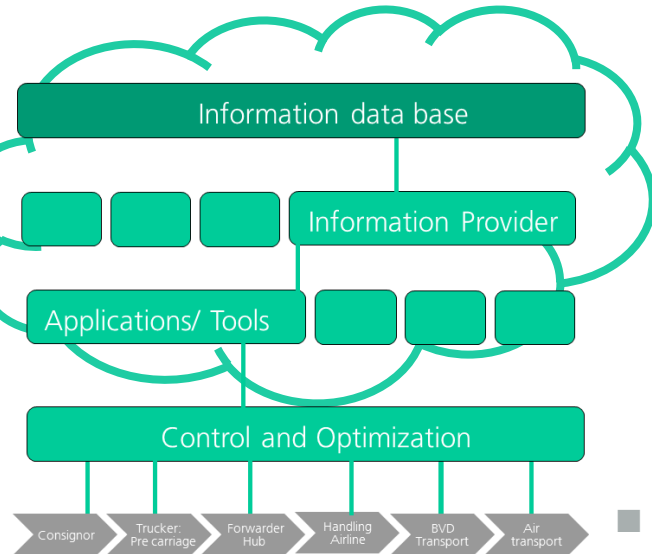
Sea Port planning and maritime fleet management

Forecast, professional information and strategy

Process- and IT-management



Outlook of Secure Unit Load Transfer via SAATS optimized by „integrated air cargo hub“ project (IACH)



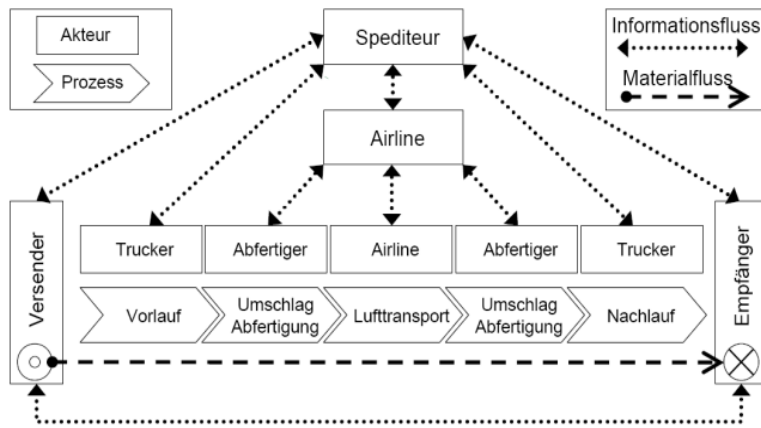
- SAATS supports a wide variety of processes of the secured supply chain
 1. Transfer of secured Unit Loads of local handling agents
 2. Transfer of secured Unit Loads of local forwarders
 3. Transfer of secured Unit Loads of remote handling agents (Road Feeder Service)
 4. Transfer of secured Unit Loads of remote forwarders
 5. Transfer of secured Unit Loads of dedicated security service provider
- SAATS provides mainly the infrastructure for efficient transfer
- SAATS enables a high potential for further process optimization
- Focus is on integration of stakeholder processes
- Key driver is information technology

Integrated Air Cargo Hub (IACH)



Project Objectives

- Process optimization across company borders (from shipper to aircraft)
- Lowering the resource demand and the process times at the hub airport
- Integration of processes, planning tools and information flow of the air cargo supply chain participants
- Optimization of the processes between the participants through prototypical implementation of applications
- Development of business models among cost-benefit-sharing aspects



Intermediate results

- Process analysis
- Identification of the starting points
- Clustering into three application fields

In progress

- Development and testing of demonstrators (Apps)
- Evaluation of representative model applications

Aspired utilization



FRA Airport
App



FRA Cargo
App

Optimization approaches

Potential area 1
landside/landside

Potential area 2
landside/airside

Potential area 3
information
exchange

Design
alternative
1-m

Design
alternative
1-n

Design
alternative
1-p



“Efficient Logistic Facilities” projects and methods



Future satellite localisation services will help to improve traffic and security



- market-oriented research project (MAVO) »Galileo«
- collaboration with the aim to get into the market for applications of global satellite navigation systems
- focus is on the European system under development »Galileo« which will bring add-ons compared to the US-based GPS



Projects & Labs

- localization technology
- freight traffic
- construction site logistics
- travel assistance
- immission monitoring
- safety

Involved Institutes within Fraunhofer Transport

- FIRST, IFF, IIS, IML, IPK, ITWM, IVI, SCS

Aircargo Master Planning Cargo 2020+ at Munich Airport

- Long term master plan for cargo handling based on the evaluation of location alternatives and on a cost benefit analysis
- Cargo volume and areal demand development
- Determining the cargo volume of each local handling agent and its specific floor space deficit
- Dimensioning the ULD handling facilities, staging areas, and ULD buffer space
- Developing suitable layouts and defining milestones



.. and Fraunhofer helps globally

Example: Sanshan Logistics Park



- Sanshan port lies in the junction of the two important waterways of Dongpin and Chenchun. The two rivers, run through Pearl River Delta District, connecting closely the Sanshan port and Hongkong together. Therefore, Sanshan is a very important logistics hub location in Pearl River delta .
- About 13 sq. km land is available for further development of port infrastructure and logistic park.
- Fraunhofer IML has made a professional planning for the Sanshan Logistics Park in 2004.

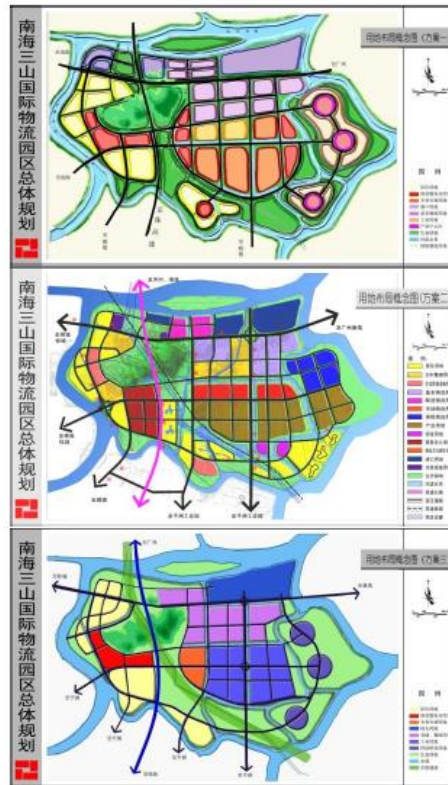
Source: Fraunhofer IML

.. and turns ideas to reality.

Example: Sanshan Logistics Park

Planning

Sanshan Logistics Park



and

Reality

Sanshan Business and Recreation Center

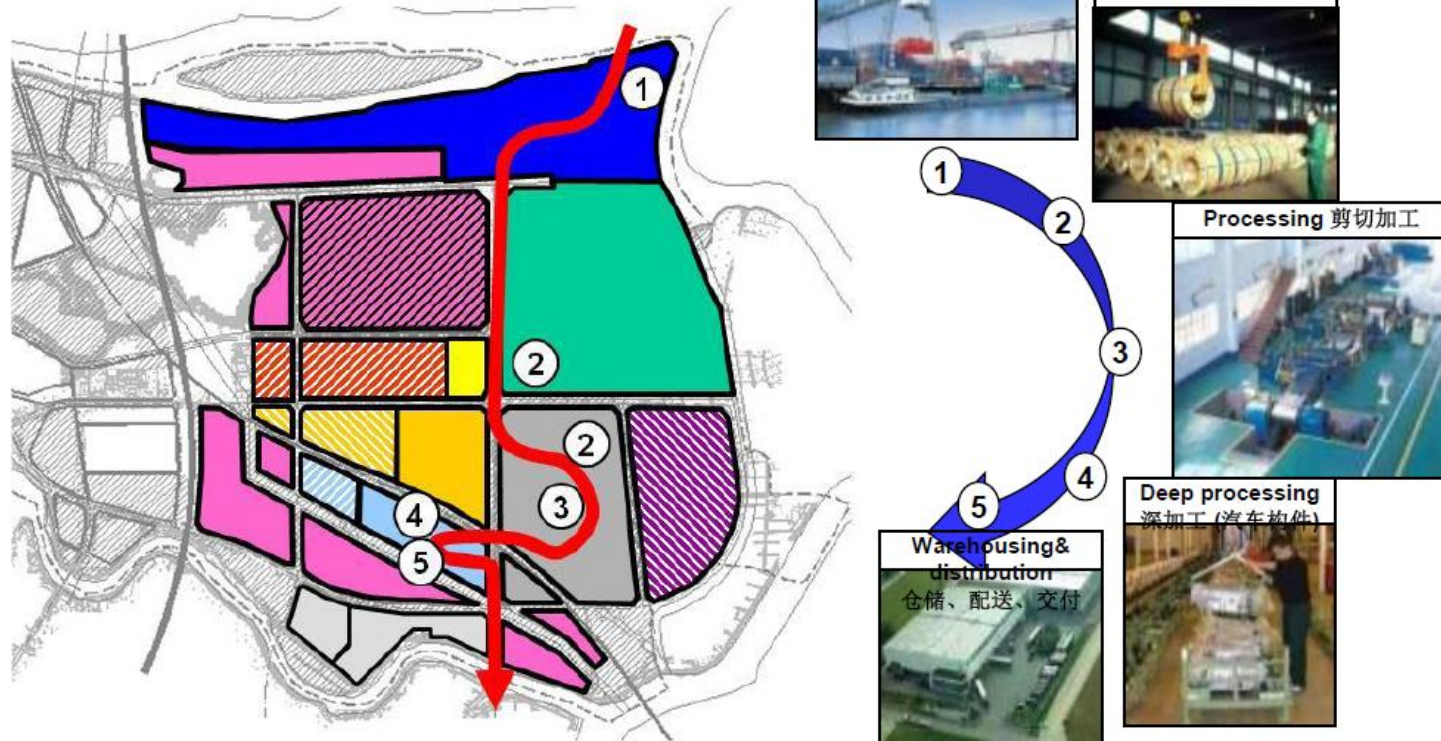


Source: Sanshan

.. connecting technology to processes

Example: Sanshan Logistics Park

Supply Chain Cluster was in focus of the planning of the Sanshan Logistics Park .

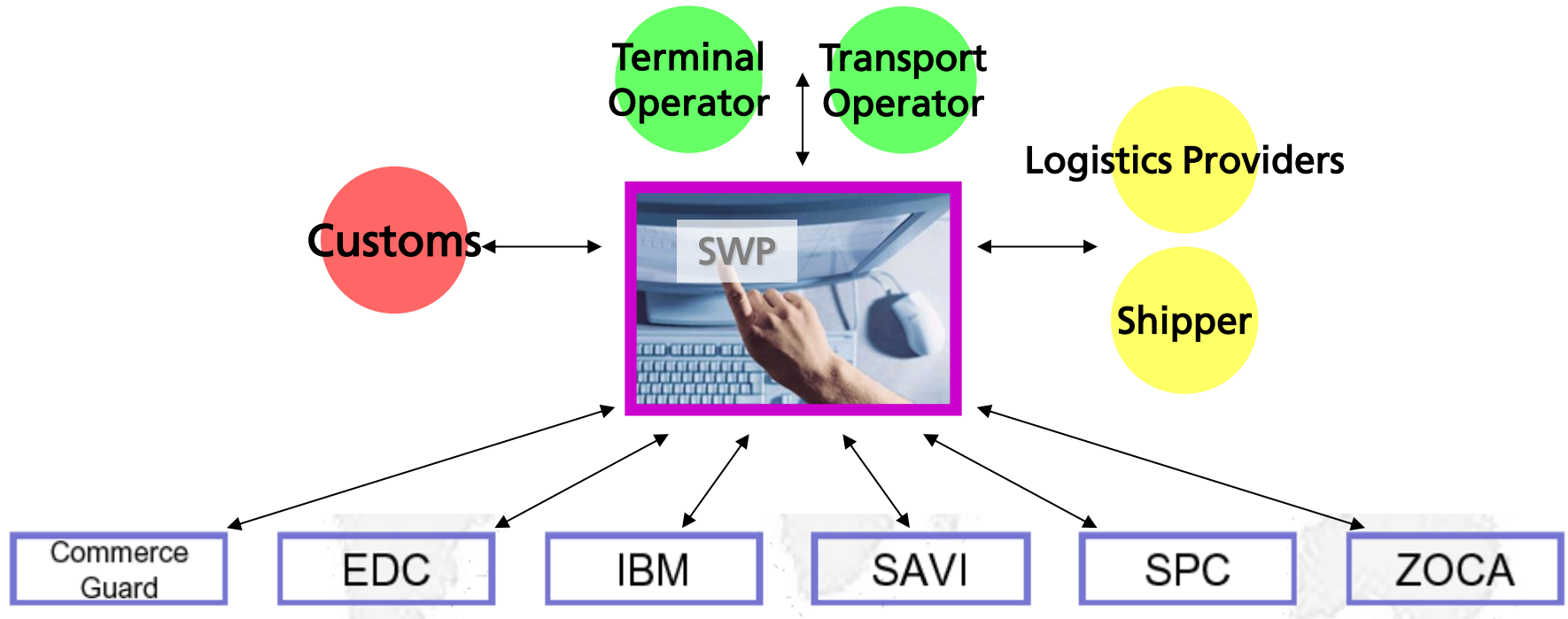


Source: Fraunhofer IML

SMART-CM objectives

- Stimulate **interoperable B2B co-operation** in door-to-door container transport security.
- Develop compliant application of **B2B** and **B2A** container security data solutions with international **Customs** operations.
- Develop a **neutral** approach and **service platform** for secure and interoperable data communications.
- Define **value added services (VAS)** to fulfill operational requirements of actors in managing global container chains.
- Develop prototypes of **advanced applications** in global container management, such as dynamic scheduling.
- Contribute to **standards development** for advancing of interoperability of technologies applied in global container transports.

SMART-CM approach (1/2) "Single Window" platform



Container Security Technology (CST): active RFID / satellite comms / multi-sensoric units



Fig.: Porthus

SMART-CM approach (2/2) neutral communication & service platform

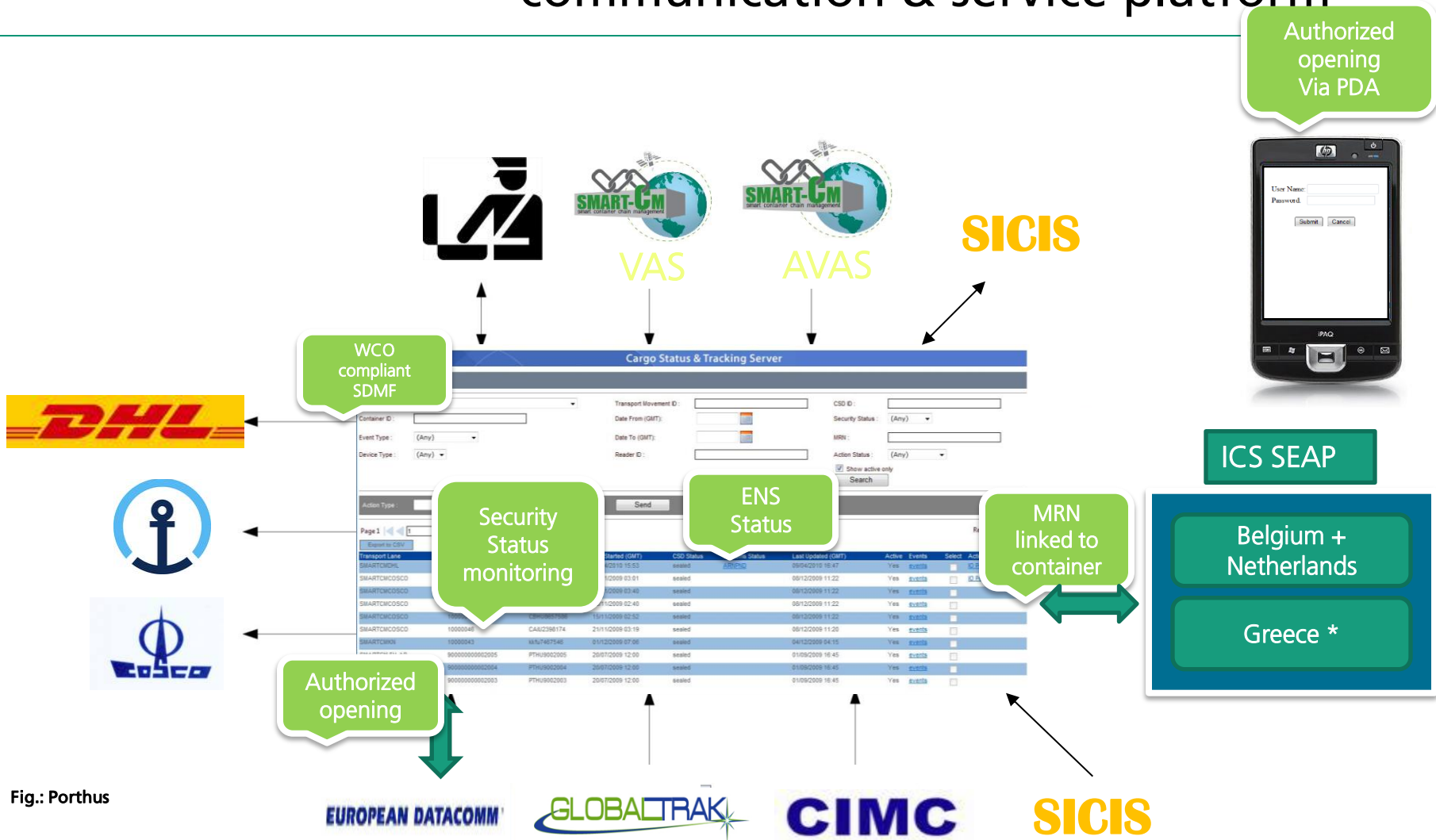


Fig.: Porthus

Permanent, pro-active tracking & tracing / controlling

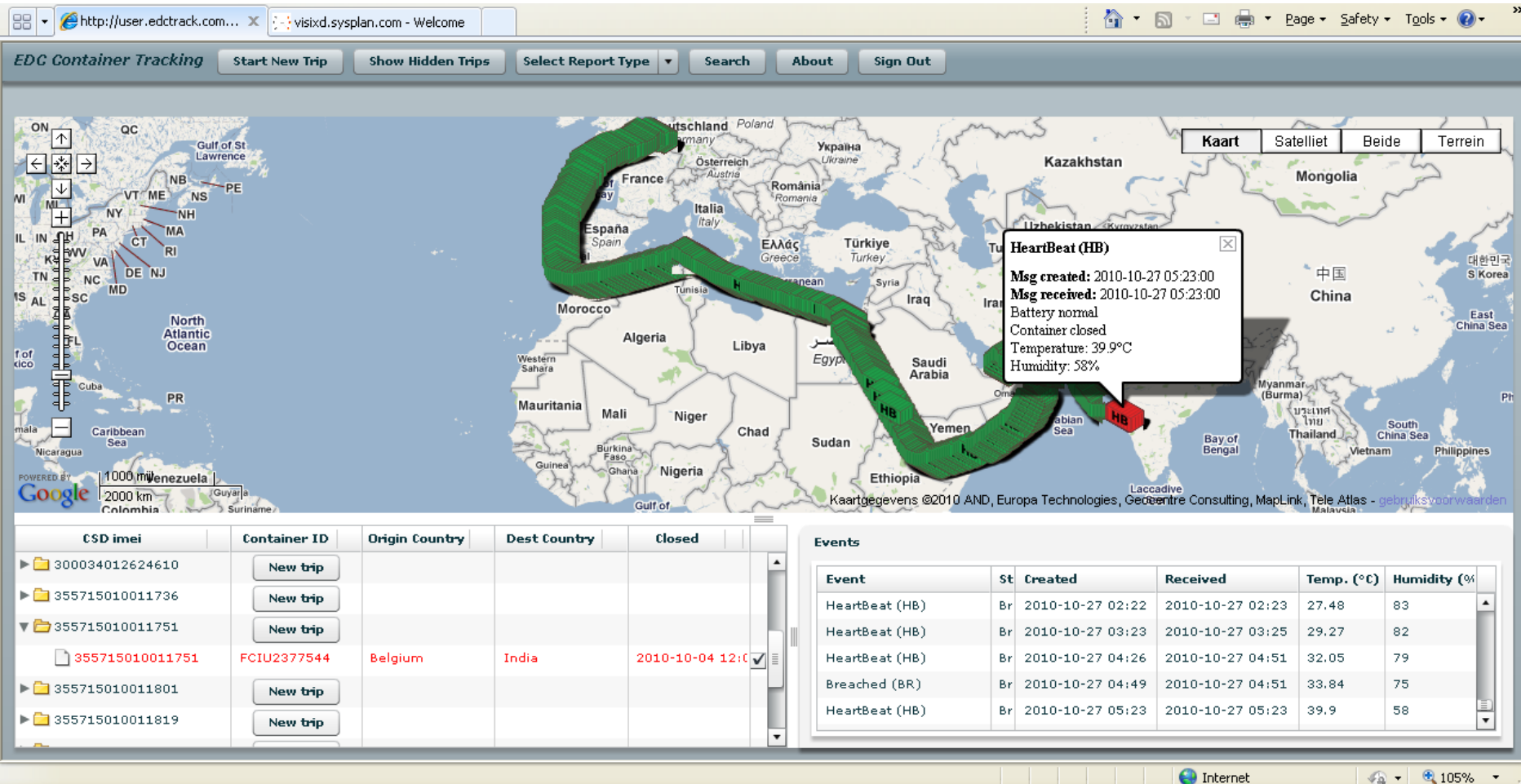


Fig.: TREDIT

Introduction Safe Networks for Logistics

\\ Consequences in practice



High volumes are ordered



Poor integration



Unable to hold delivery dates



High Stock

SafeNetworks for Logistics



Expensive ad hoc solutions

Introduction Safe Networks for Logistics

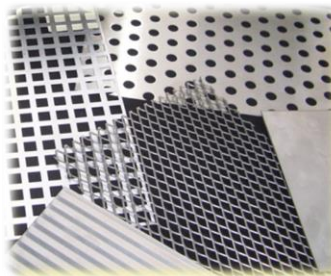
\\ Objectives

// Ensure the supply safety and strengthening the region with robust and efficient Supply Chains

- Increase the delivery reliability by improving the information exchange between partners
- Early recognition of disruptions along the transport chain
- Pro-active notifications when negative effects are detected



**Forwarding information
about real demands**



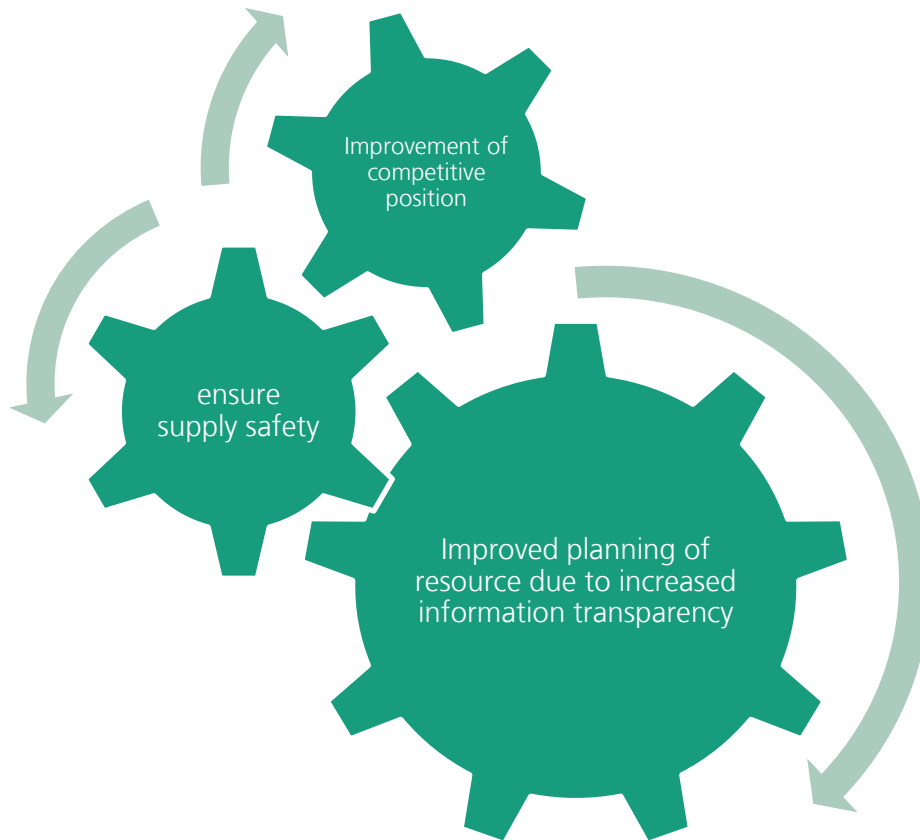
**Insight into demands and
stocks of partners**



**Virtual consolidation of
status and stock
information**

Introduction Safe Networks for Logistics

\\ Advantages for Companies



- // Optimization of logistic flows
- // Complete monitoring of the Supply Chain
- // Reduction of stock along the Supply Chain
 - Reduction of lead times
 - Lower capital lockup
- // Increase of customer satisfaction

Introduction Safe Networks for Logistics

\\ Three solutions are developed in this project



- Solution 1 – Information Plattform is used for exchanging information about real demands between partners
- Solution 2 – Event-Management is used for the monitoring of orders at item level through the Supply Chain
- Solution 3 – Steel Service Center is used for optimizing resources related to stock and value added services