

Digital Holographic Microscopy for 200 € Using Open-Source Hard- and Software

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Introduction

Digital Holography is a group of techniques that numerically derive data from digitized interferograms. Applications range from the fast measurement of macroscopic objects with sub-micron resolution [1] to the quantitative measurement of living cells [2]. We present a transmission microscope suitable for phase imaging of transparent samples with component costs of less than 200 € (not including screen), based on the Raspberry Pi computer. All source code is published under the GNU public license (GPL), as well as the 3D models needed to build and use the setup.

Hardware

Commercial Components

- Raspberry Pi 3: computation and user interface
- Raspberry Pi camera v2
- Achromatic 4x objective (most expensive part)
- Cheap lens, mirror, beamsplitter
- Diode laser module: 635 nm, 5 V (USB-powered)

3D Printed Mounts

- Plastic mounts on 6 mm steel rods
- Mounts clipped to rods (Fig. 2)
- OpenSCAD, modifiable design

Optical Design

- Spatial phase shifting [3]
- Small pixels: large angle $\theta \approx 7^\circ$
- No beam combiner, reference beam passes next to objective
- Single lens as condenser and source of reference focus

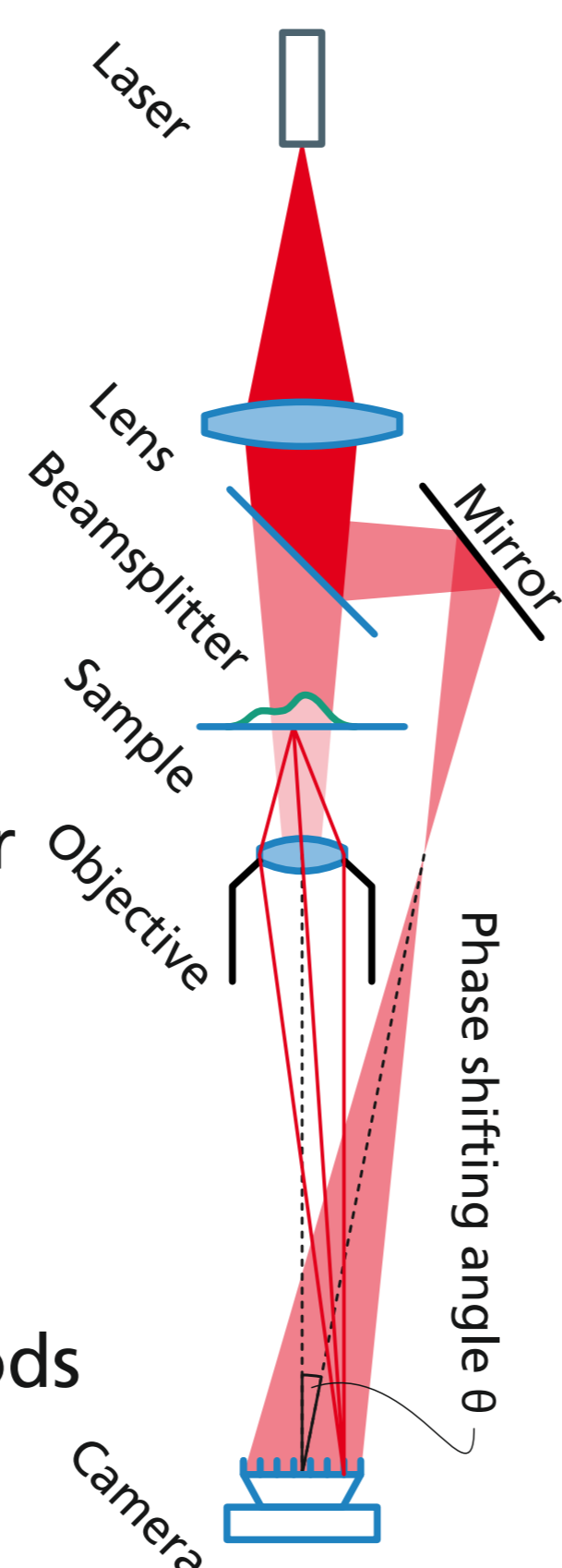


Figure 1: Sketch of the optical setup



Figure 2: Objective lens in clip mount

Software

- Fully open-source, using Python
- No dependencies outside the Raspbian operating system (available pre-installed)
- Focus on short, readable code: 400 lines for UI creating Fig. 4 b-d



Figure 3: Touchscreen interface

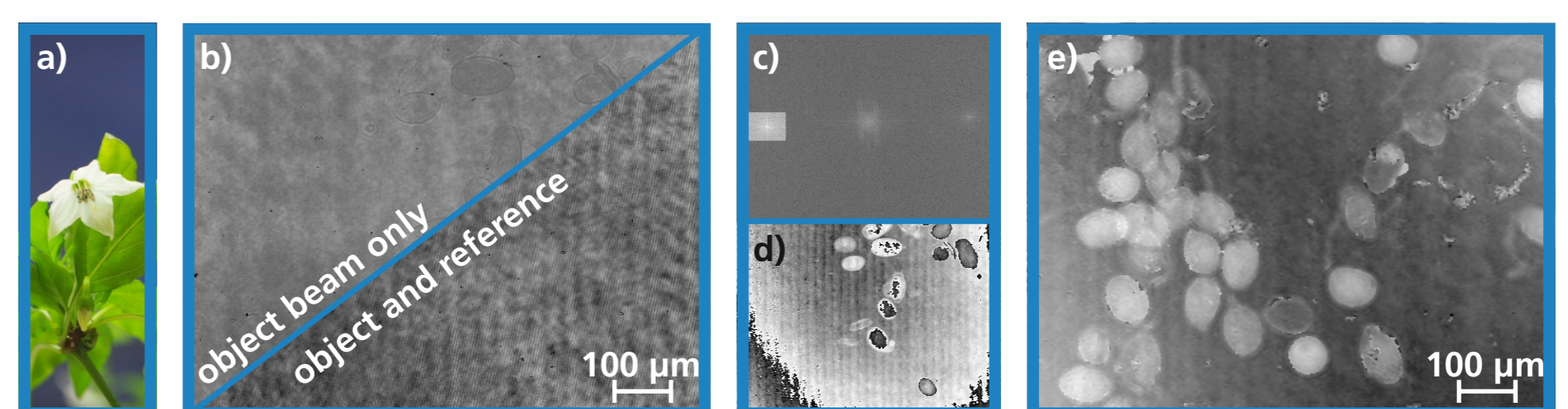


Figure 4: a) Capsicum plant on the author's desk; b) Raw image – pollen are nearly invisible; c) FFT, showing diffraction orders; user-selected region highlighted; d) Phase image; e) Unwrapped phase – pollen are clearly visible

Results

Low-cost transmission setup suitable for phase bioimaging

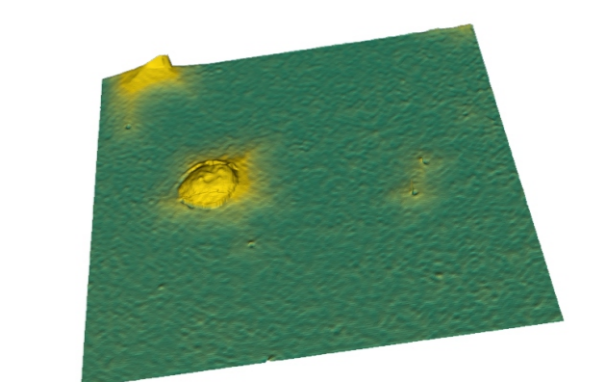


Figure 5: 3D plot of pollen phase map

Speed

- Live image (Fig. 4b) at 30 fps
- FFT image (3280×2464 px², 4c): 1.5 s
- Phase image (1640×1232 px², 4d): 4.2 s

Ease of Use

- Readily available components
- Two points of adjustment:
 - Sample z-position for focussing
 - Tilt of reference mirror to illuminate camera
- In use at Freiburg school (ages 15-18)

Acknowledgements

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References

- [1] T. Seyler et al., *Appl. Sci.* 8, 1042 (2018)
- [2] P. Marquet et al., *Opt. Lett.* 30, 468-470 (2005)
- [3] M. Takeda et al., *JOSA* 72, 156 (1982)

